

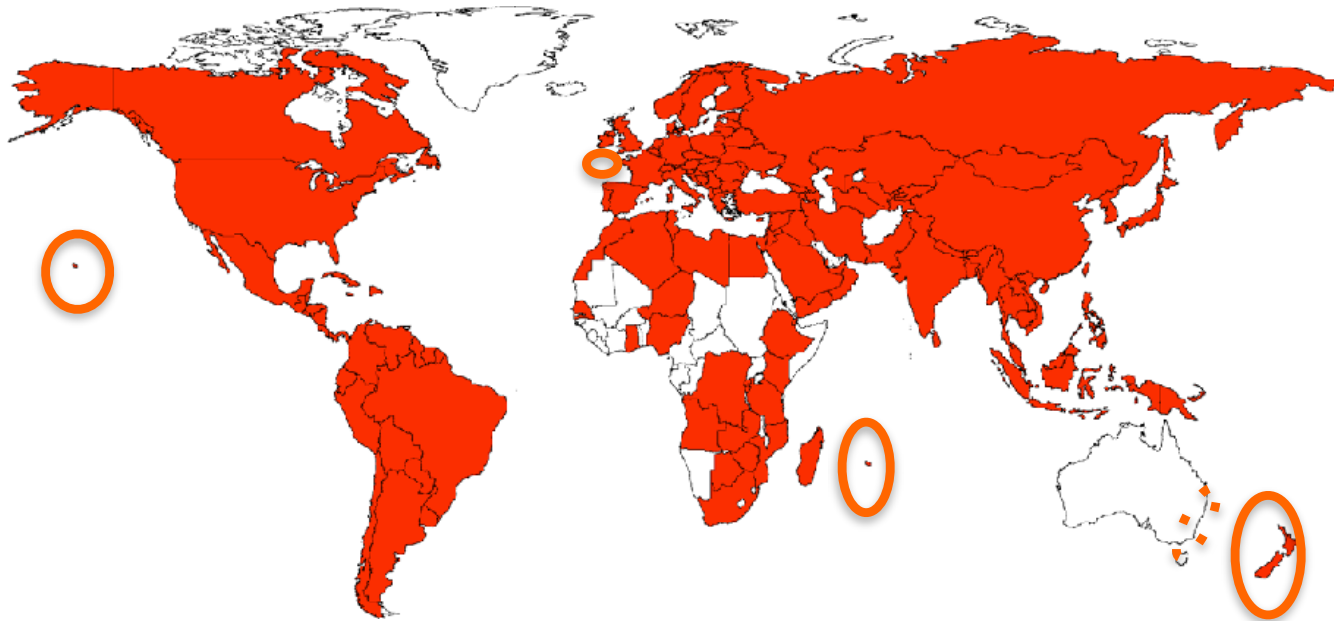


**Honey bees**  
**surviving *Varroa destructor* infestations:**  
**lessons we can take**

**Fanny Mondet & Yves Le Conte**

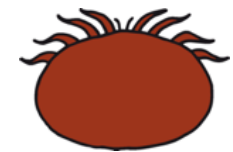


# Varroa: biotic threat no.1 for honey bees



Pathogenic effects

Defence mechanisms



Transmission

Defence

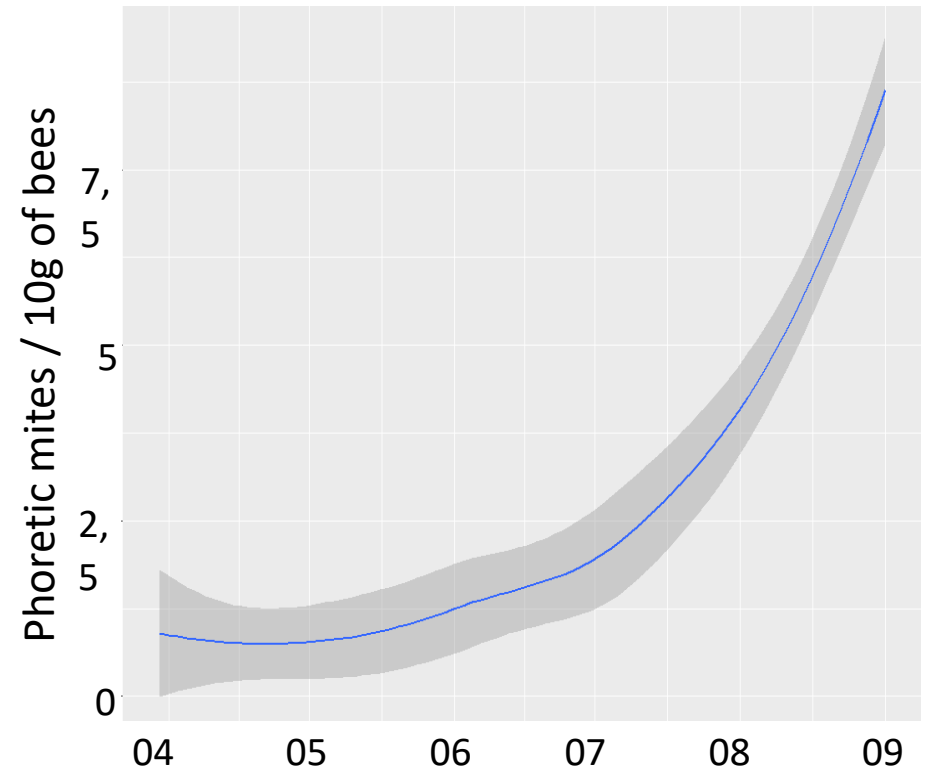
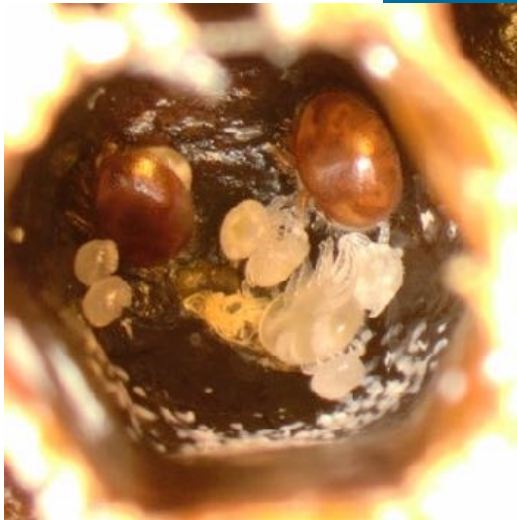
Vector

Replication

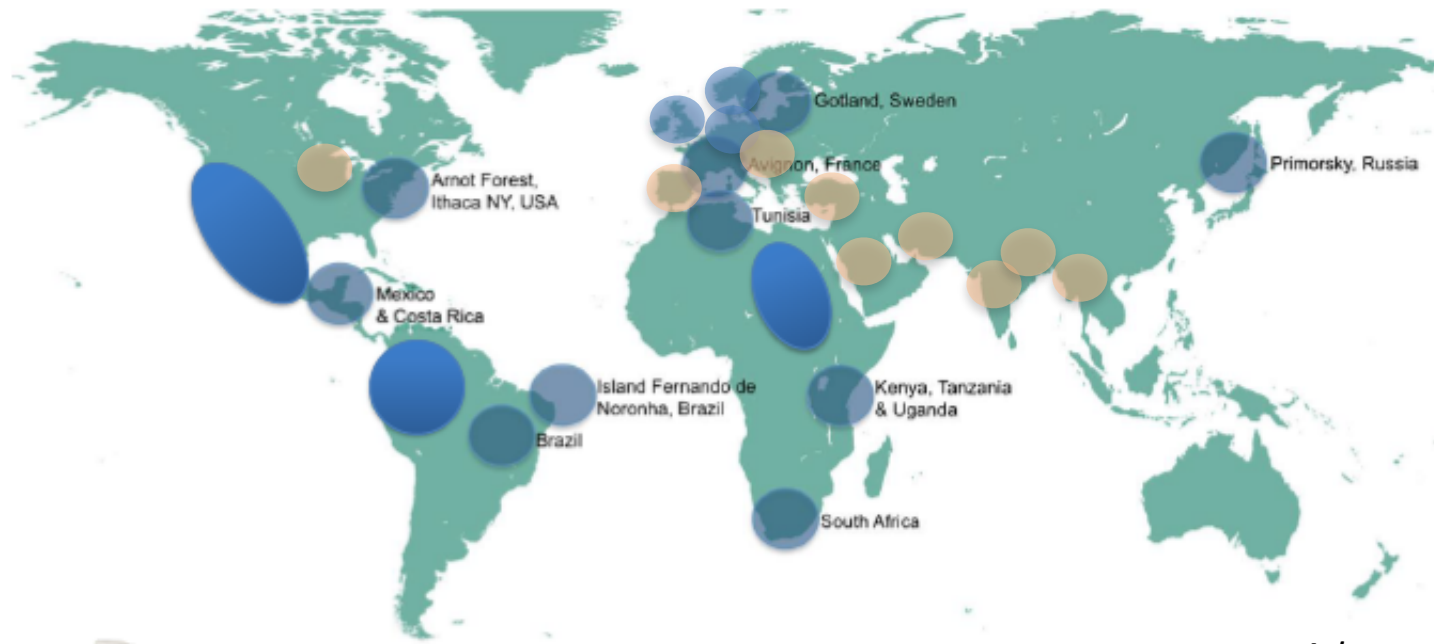




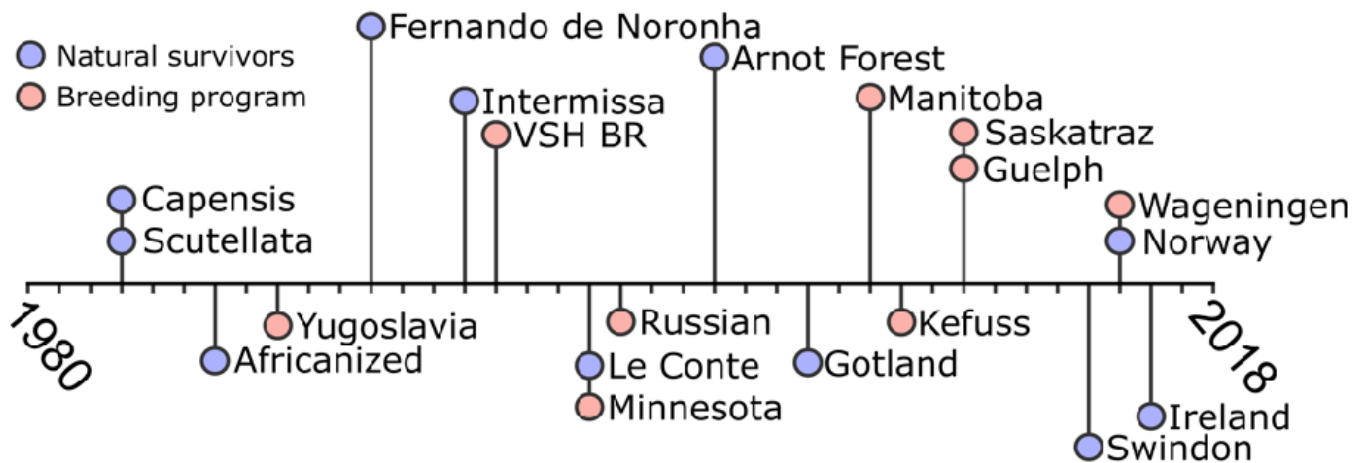
# La face cachée de l'iceberg...



# Varroa surviving honey bee populations



*Adapted from Locke et al. 2015  
Moro et al. 2021*



*Mondet et al. 2020*

**Tolerance**

Host reduces impairment caused by the parasite when the infestation is at a level that typically causes damage

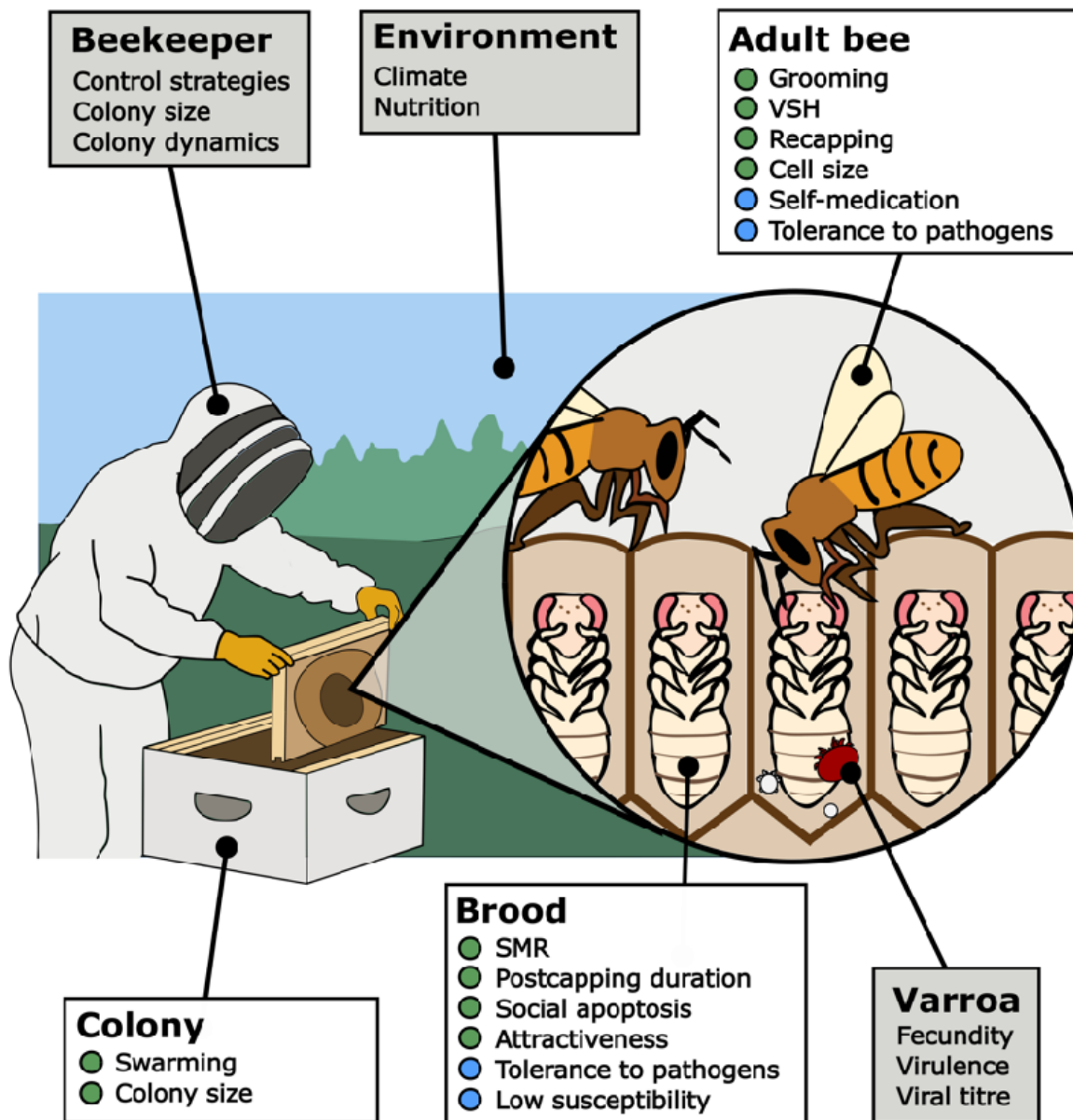
**Resistance**

Host reduces parasite fitness (reproductive success) to keep the population below a damaging threshold

High MNR,  
low fecundity

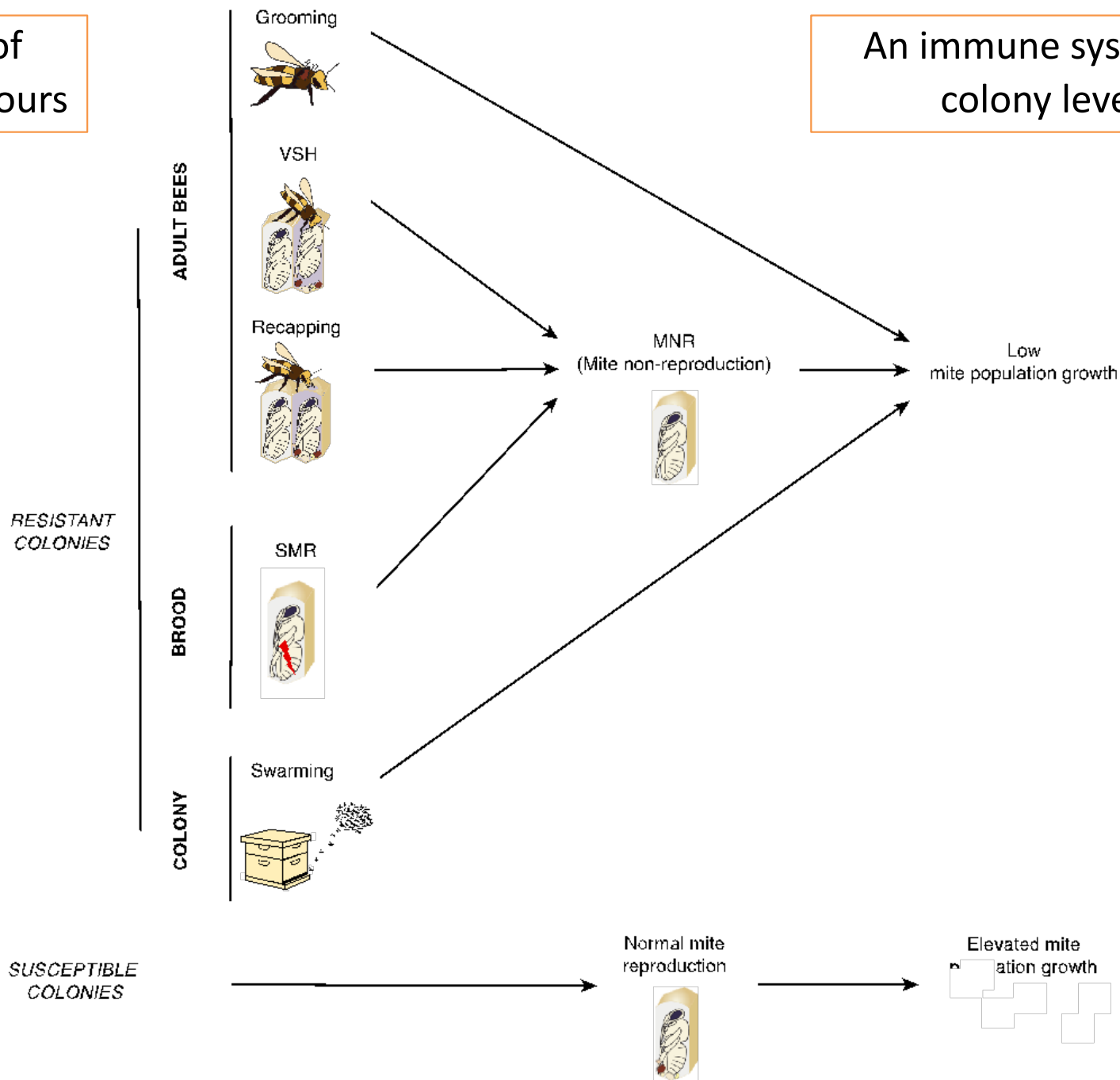
Low mite population  
growth

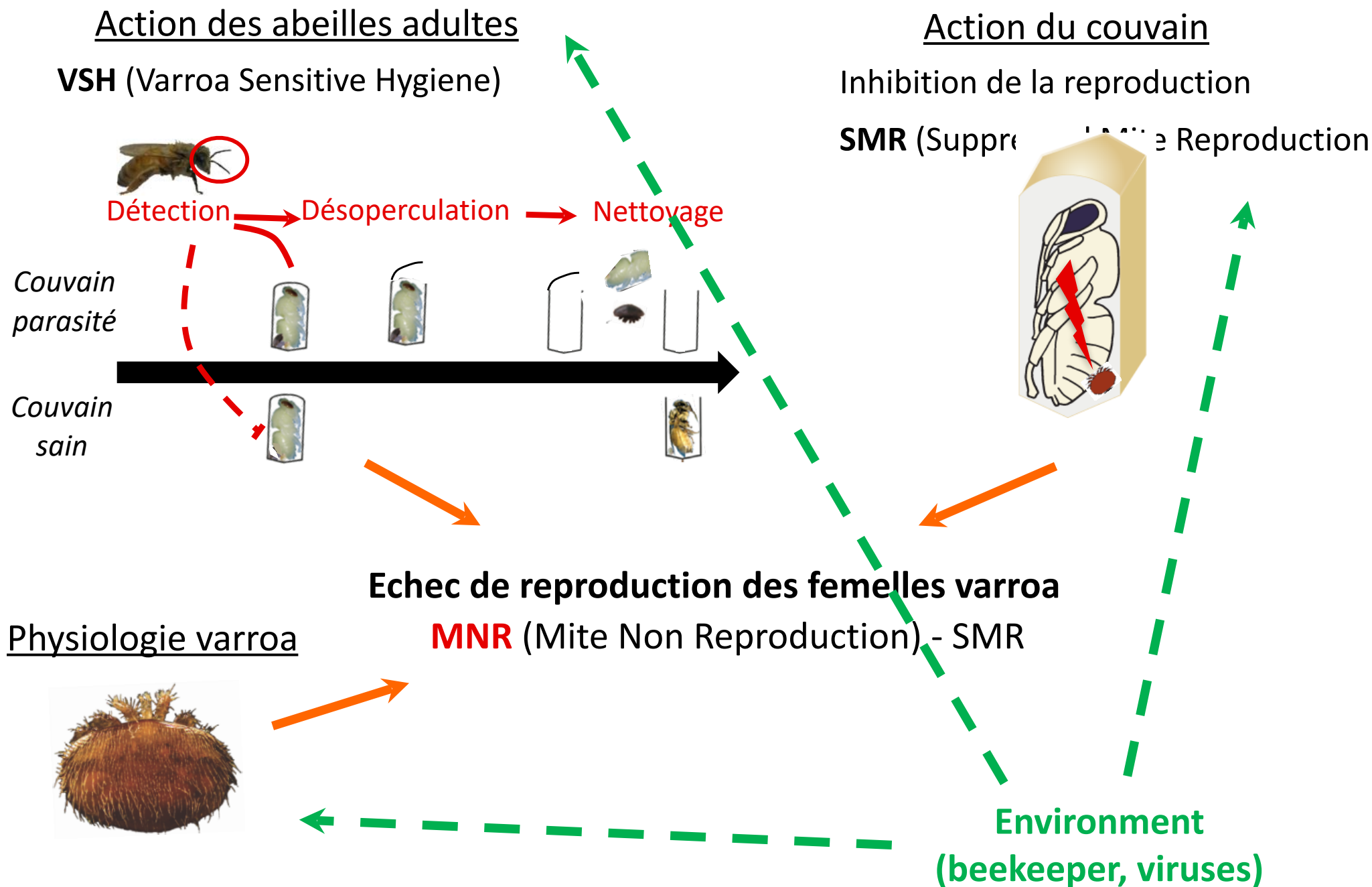
Low infestation

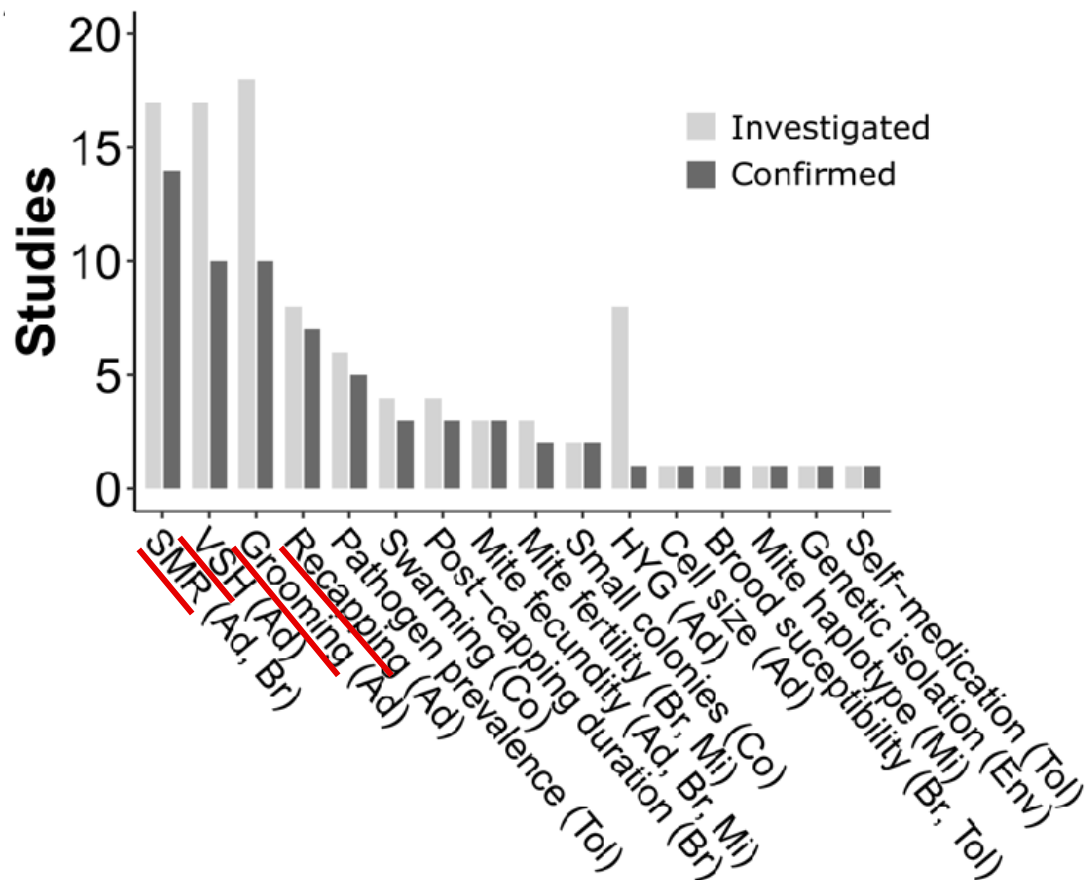


Importance of defence behaviours

An immune system at colony level!





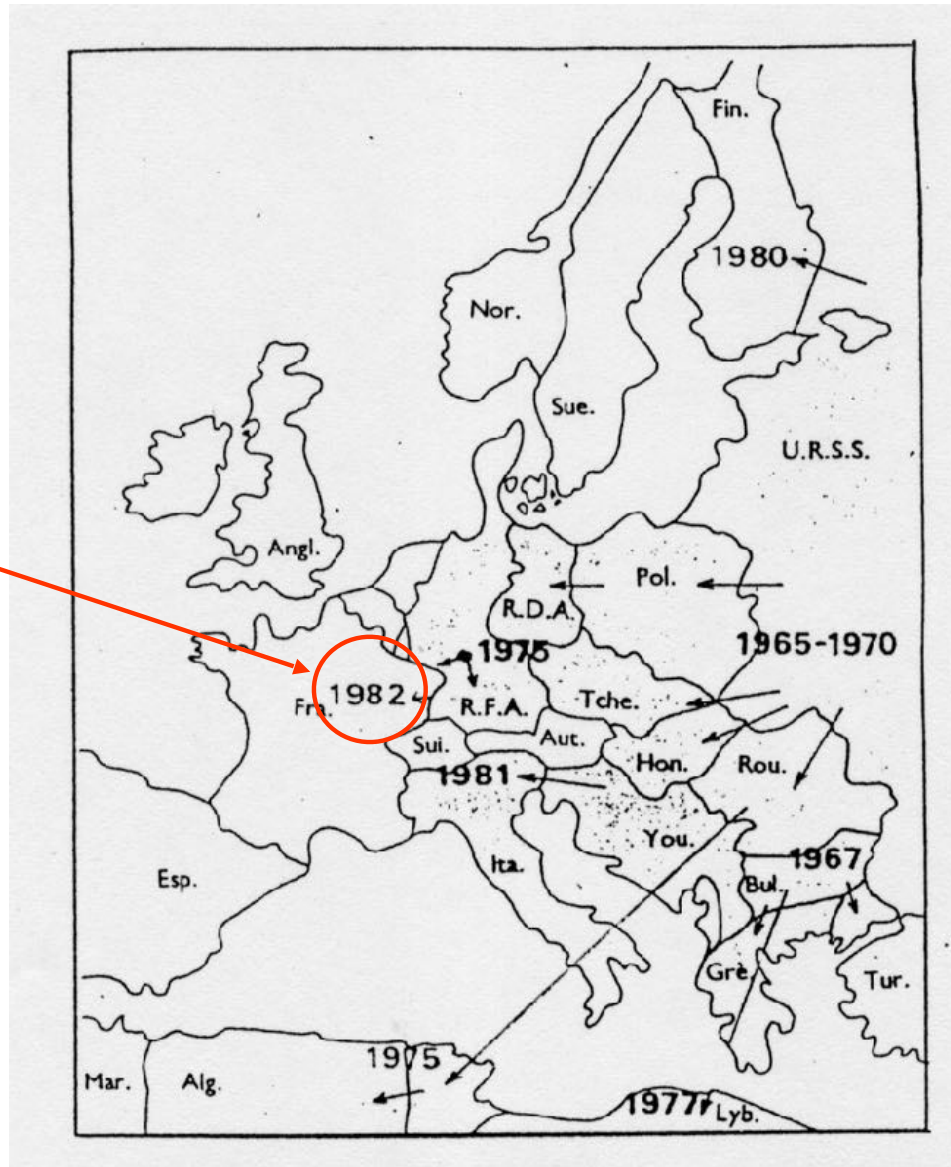




My story !



# Historic : Apparition of *Varroa* in France in 1982



Untreated colonies die after 1 to 2 years of infestation !!!



1995

Come back of feral colonies



Untreated colonies  
more or less abandoned  
seem to survive !

## I- Validation of the survival of the honey bee colonies

Investigation and survey to the beekeepers => set up of a different apiaries with 70 candidate colonies :

- Apiaries in Avignon

in la Sarthe,

In Orne,



# I- Validation of the survival of the honey bee colonies

Queen paint marked



2 monthly visits of the colonies from early spring to early winter



Check for diseases => no pbs

No other manipulations

# I- Validation of the survival of the honey bee colonies

Colonies can survive more than 2 years !

**7.63 ± 0.3 years, maxi: 15 years**

*Since 2007: still surviving bee colonies*



# Survival of the honey bee colonies

*Interest of those bees ?*

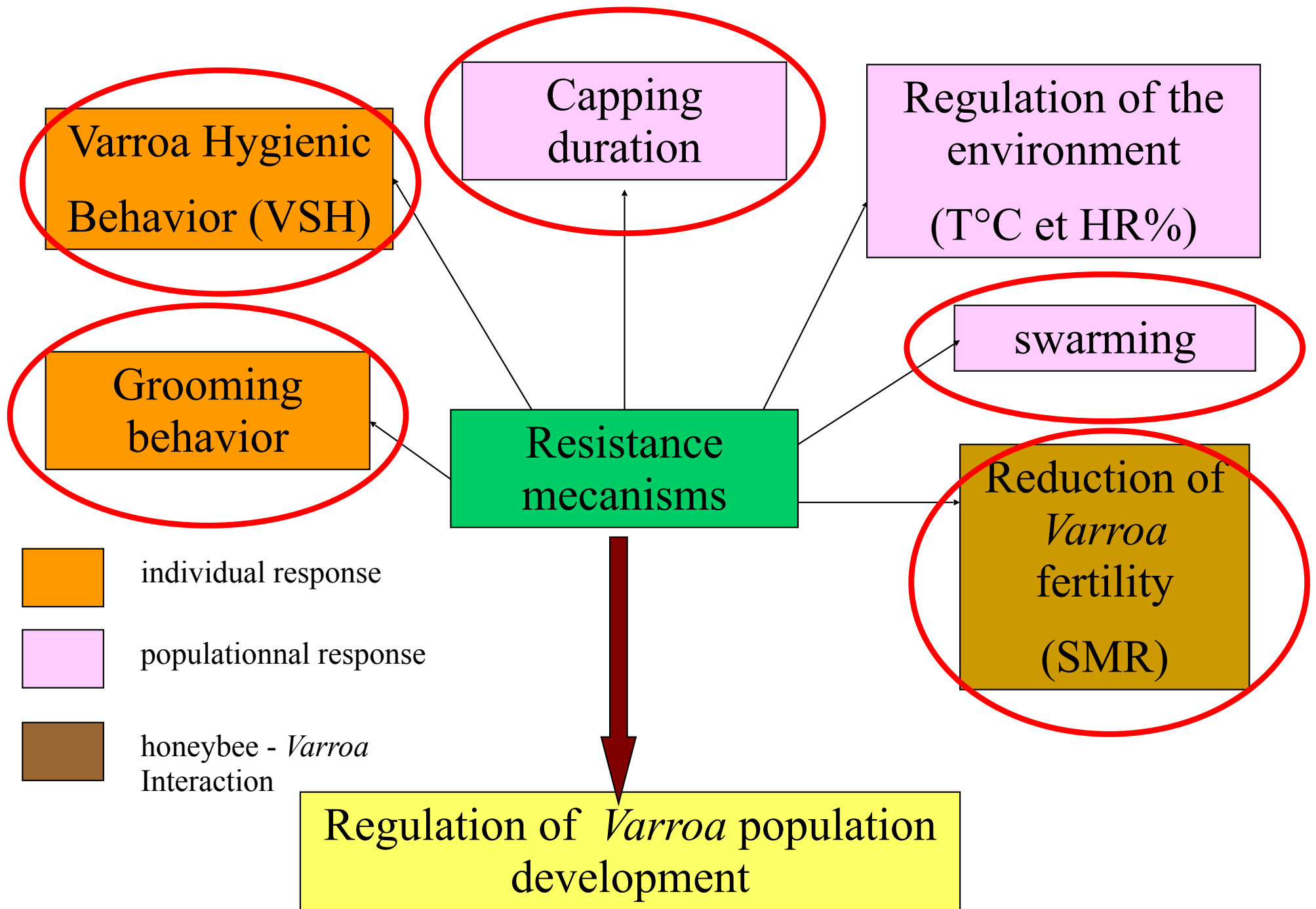
Research:

- Great subject to play with!!!



## Resistance / Tolerance of the honey bee?





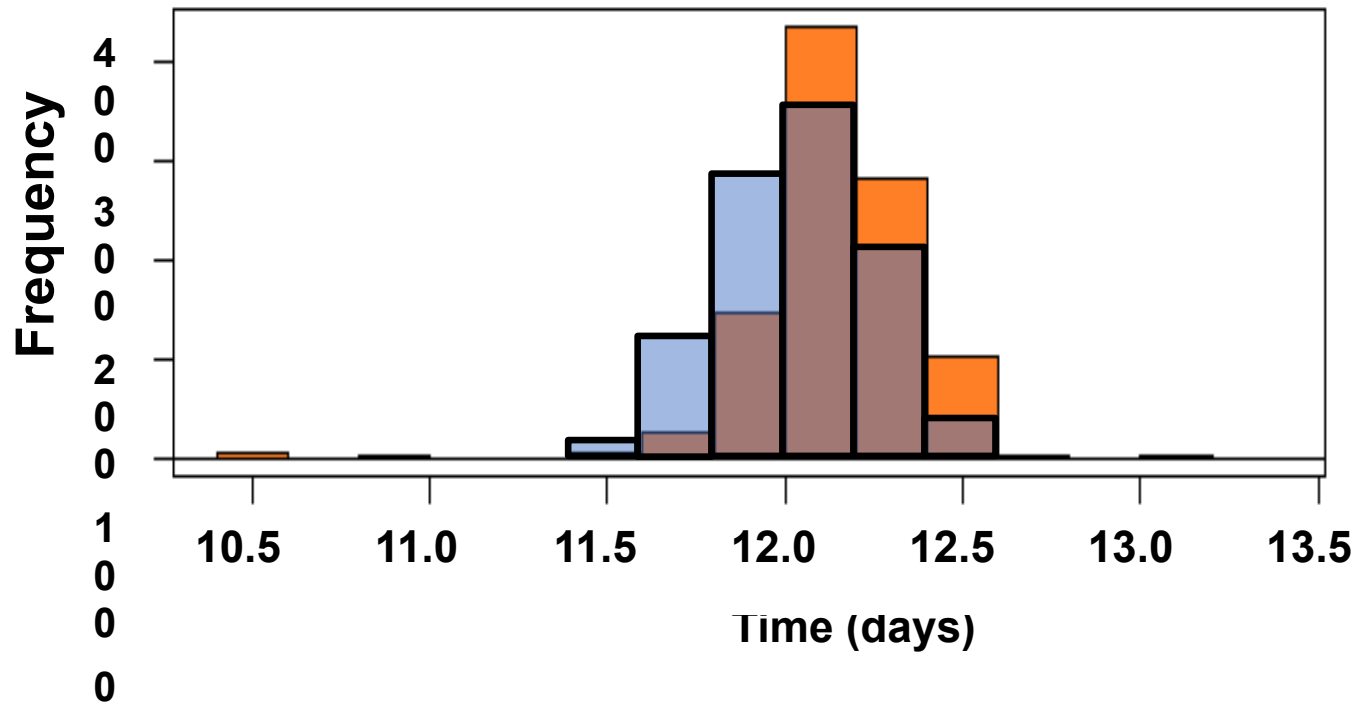
# Post capping



## Brood development Time

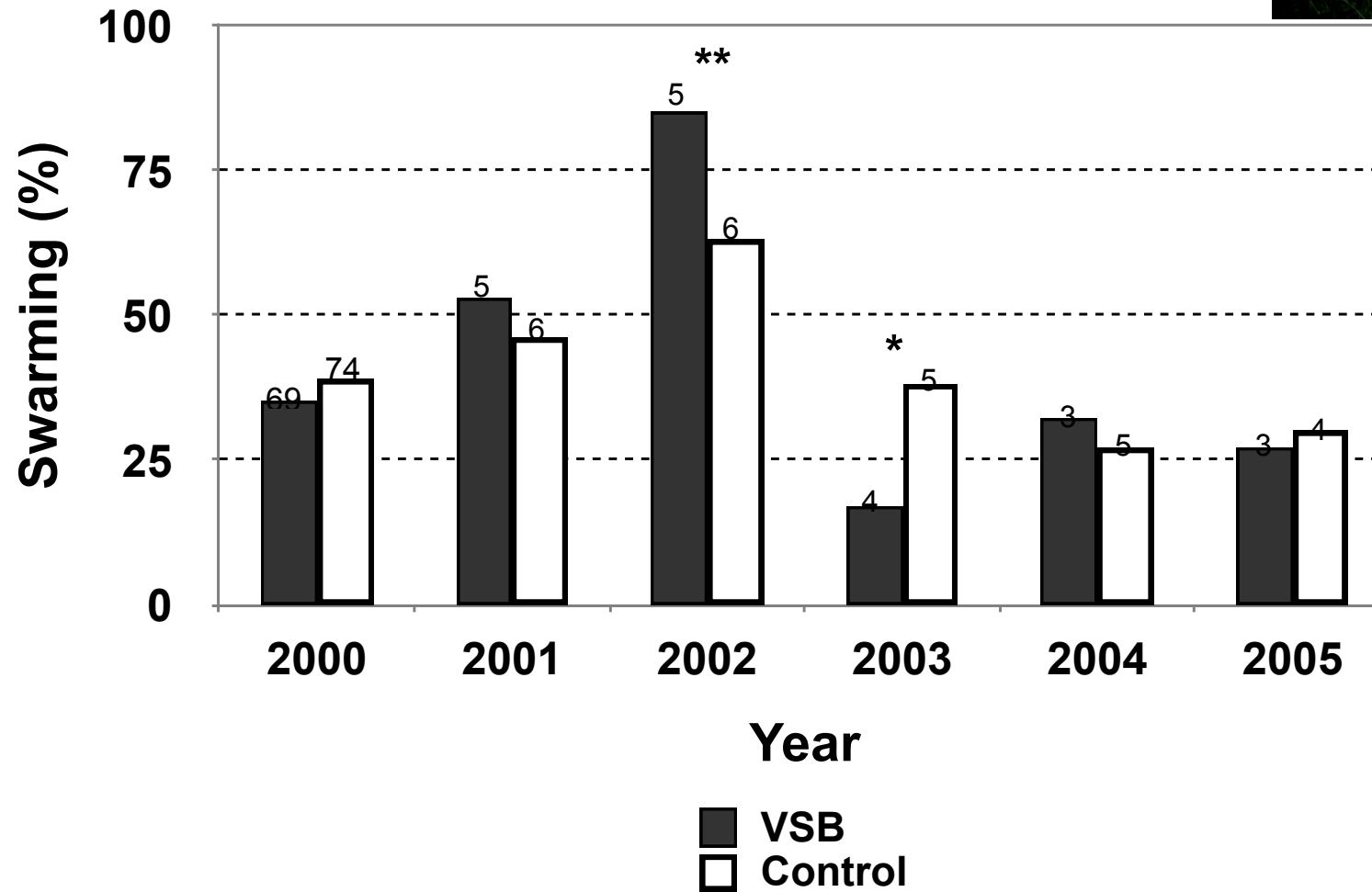
Surviving (1008)

Controls (909)



$\chi^2 = 1140;$   
 $p = 0.002$

## Swarming



## Resistance of the bees to the mite:

Hypothesis tested : **Grooming behavior**

Ability of the bees to recognize  
and destroy the varroa mite



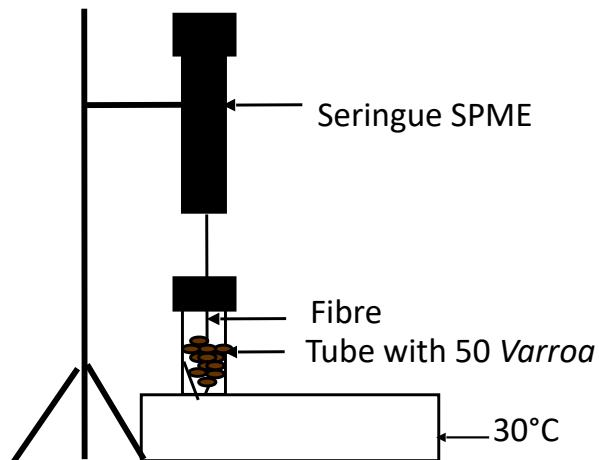
Different behavioral test =>

Differences in detection of the mite between surviving and control colonies

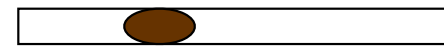
# Olfaction in varroa recognition by the bees ?



- Solid Phase Micro-Extraction (SPME)



- Solid Injection (IS)



- Capillary insert in the injecteur of the GC

# Identified Substances with SPME and IS



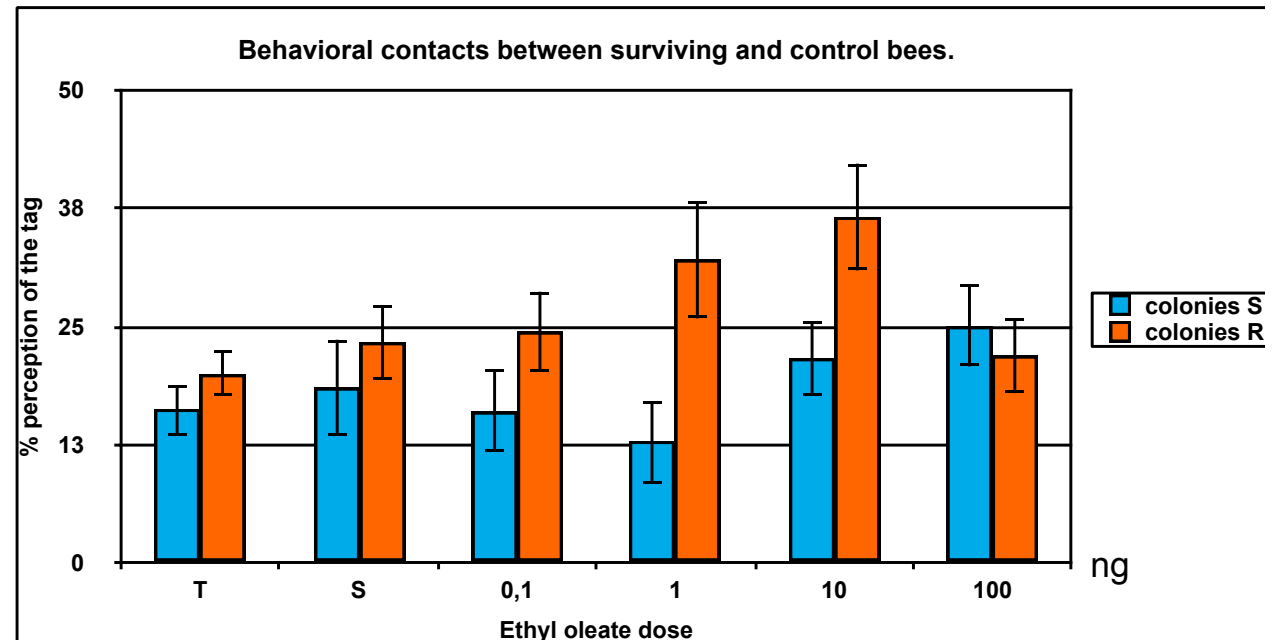
- **Micro-Extraction**

- Cuticular hydrocarbons
- 3 Acids (palmitic, oleic, stearic)
- 1 alcool

- **Solid Injection**

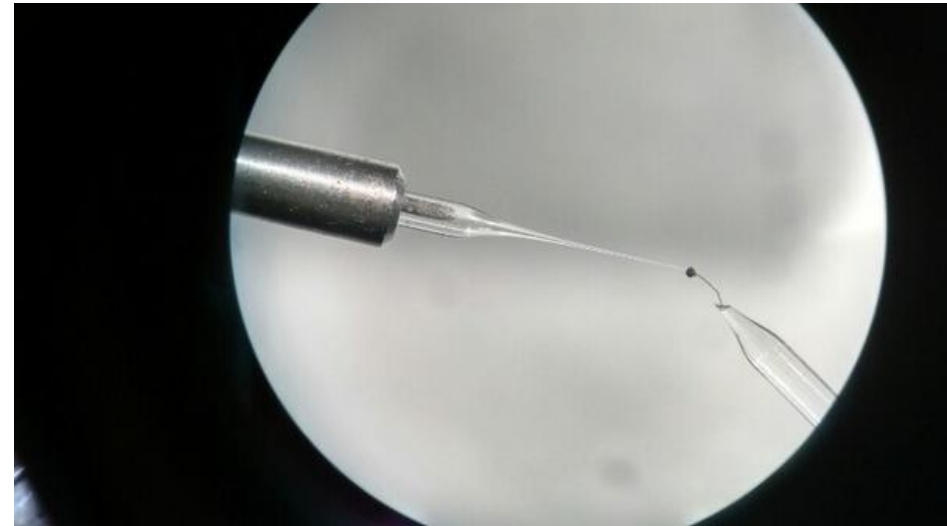
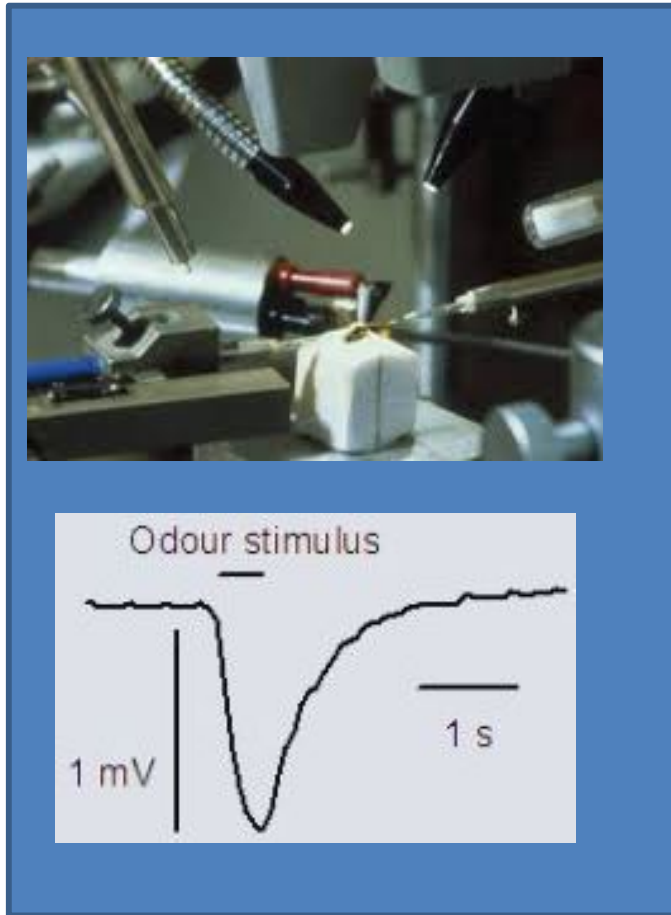
- Cuticular hydrocarbons
- 8 acids
- 3 esters (palmitate, oléate, stéarate d'éthyle)

# Behavioral effects on the bees



Three of the compounds trigger a behavioral response

# Electroantennography (EAG)

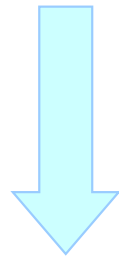


Surviving bees are responding more  
than control bees

Confirm the better capacity of the surviving bees to recognize the mite

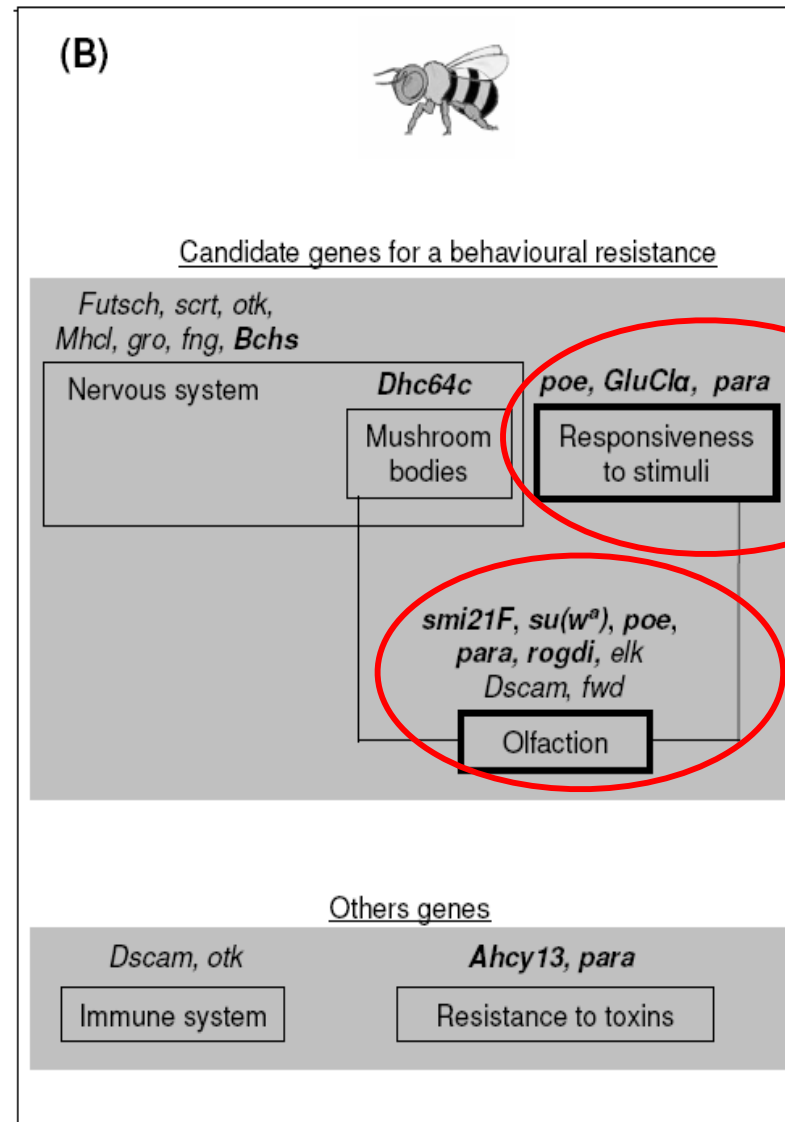
# Honey bee *Varroa* tolerance :

Gene expression analysis: transcriptomic



Pangenomic approach  
method for the identification of candidat genes

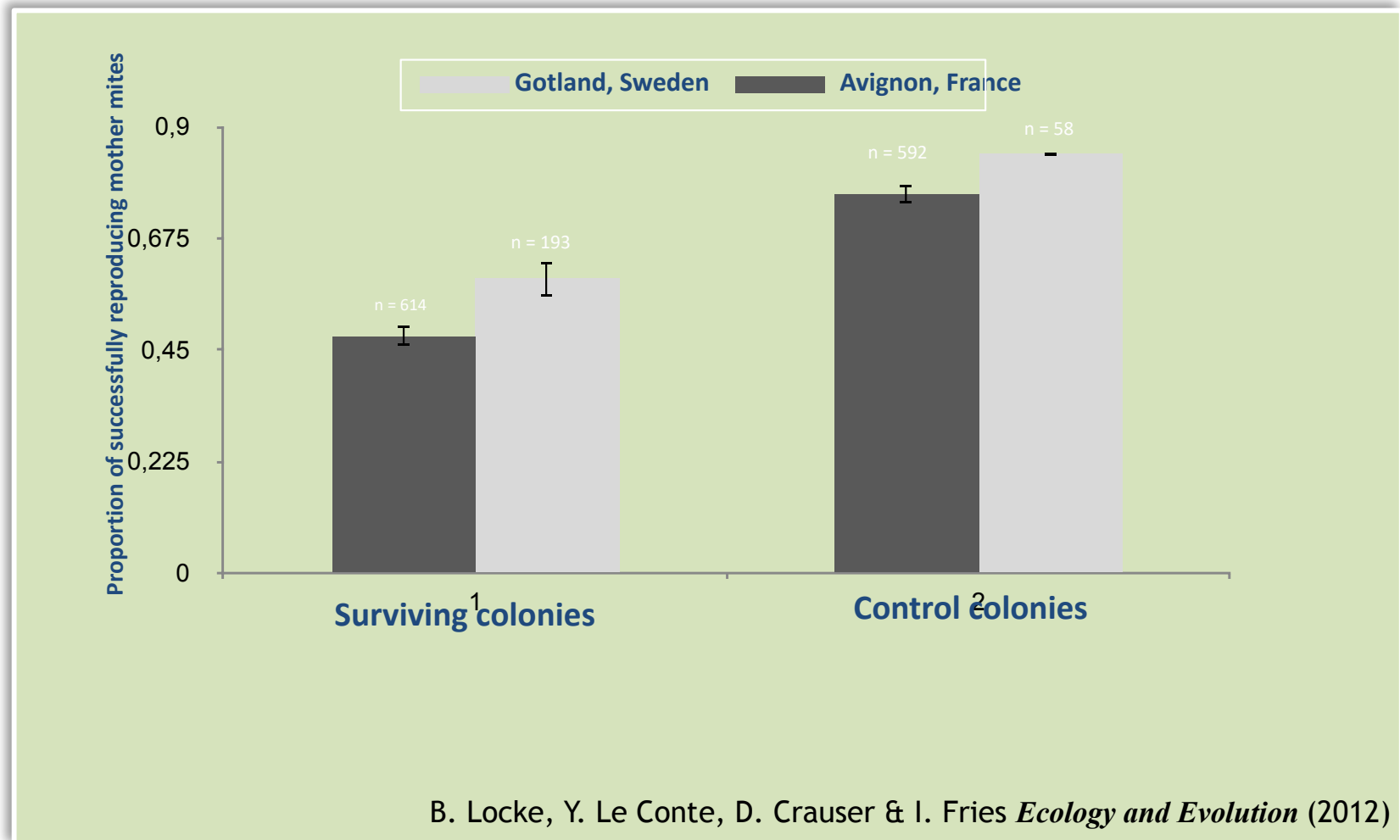




Hypothetical pathways of honey bee responses to the bee tolerant genotype.  
Gene names in bold are up-regulated.

# Varroa reproduction in surviving honey bee colonies

## Mite non-reproduction MNR

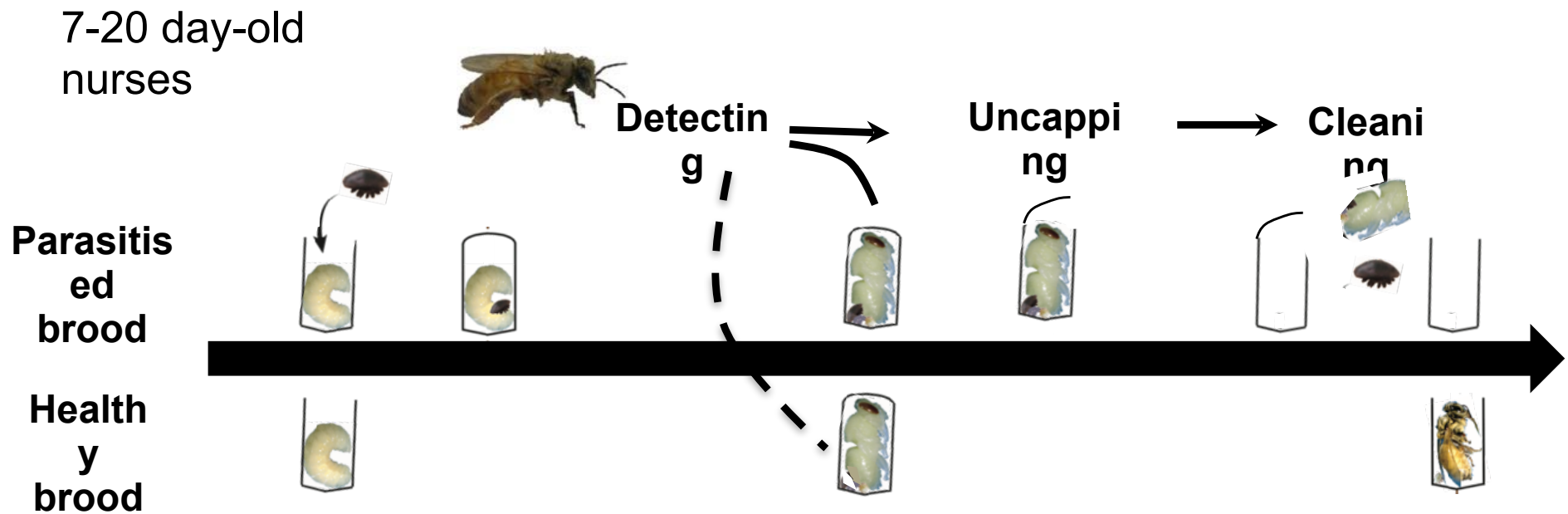
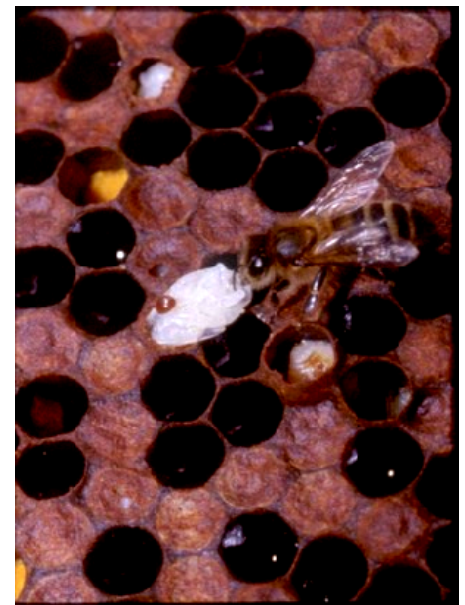


# Varroa resistant bees:

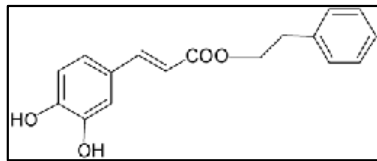
**VSH : Varroa Sensitive Hygiene Behavior**

**Recapping**

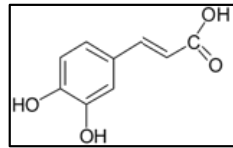
**They do it!**



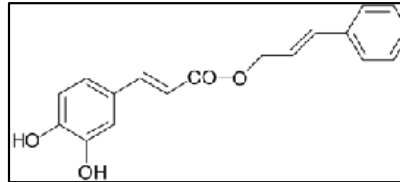
# Propolis collection and surviving of the bees



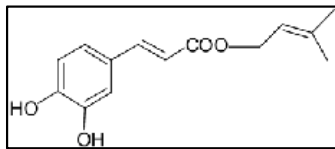
**Phenethyl caffeate (CAPE)**



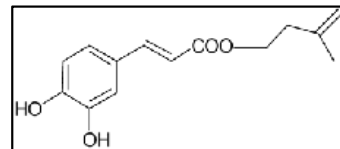
**Caffeic acid**



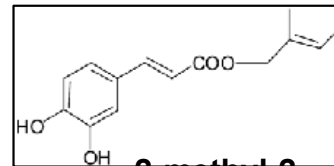
**Cinnamyl caffeate**



**3-methyl-2-butenyl caffeate**



**3-methyl-3-butenyl caffeate**



**2-methyl-2-butenyl caffeate**

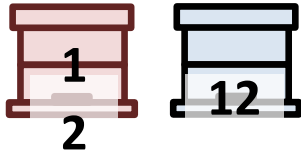
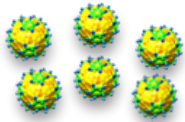
Concentration of caffeic acid and caffetes were higher in propolis collected by surviving colonies

They have pronounced and diverse biological properties

Self-medication ?

POPOVA, M., M. REYES, Y. LE CONTE, AND V. BANKOVA (2014) "Propolis Chemical Composition and Honeybee Resistance against Varroa Destructor." *Natural Product Research*: 1-7.

2017

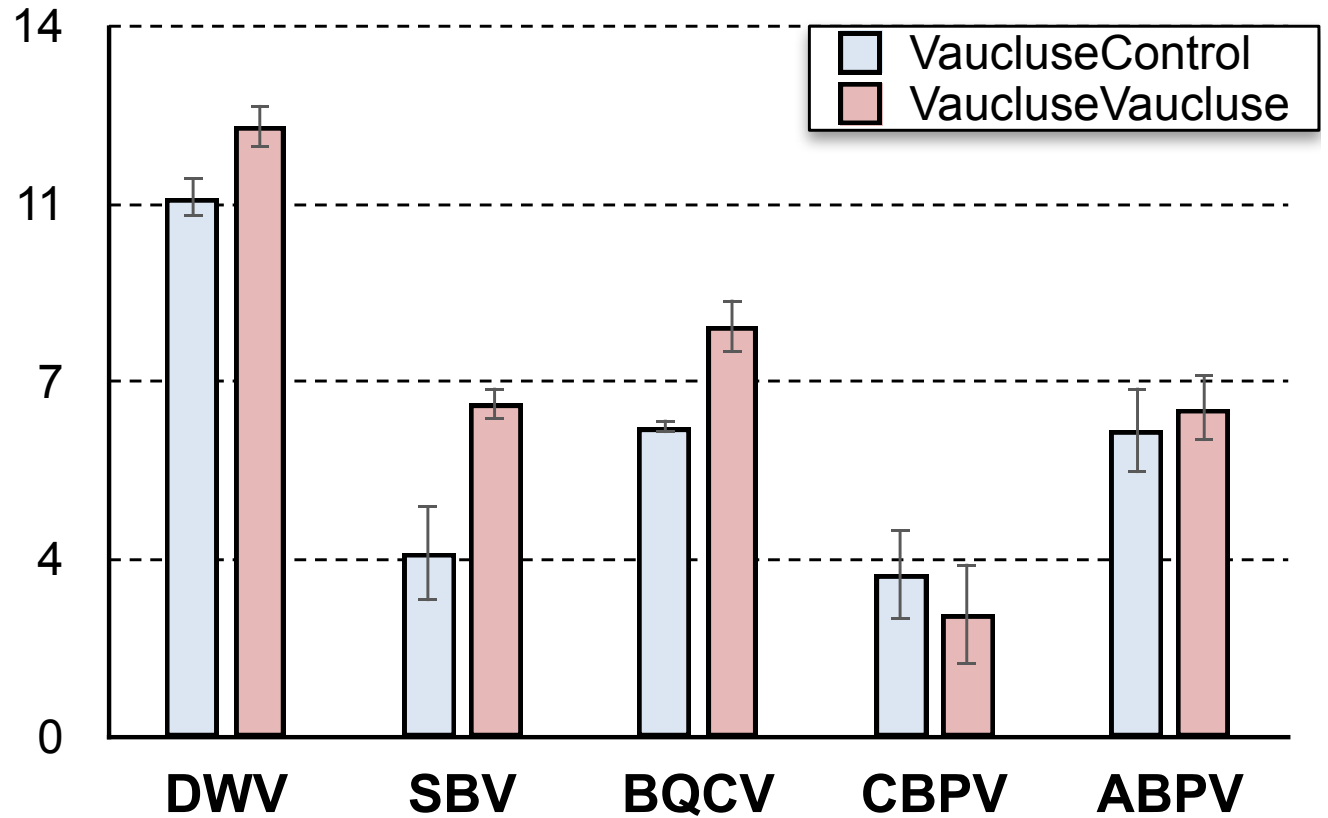


40 bees per colony



DWV, SBV, BQCV, CBPV,  
ABPV, ~~IAPV~~, ~~KBV~~

Log10 (virus copies per bee)



# Recombination breakpoints

RDP analysis

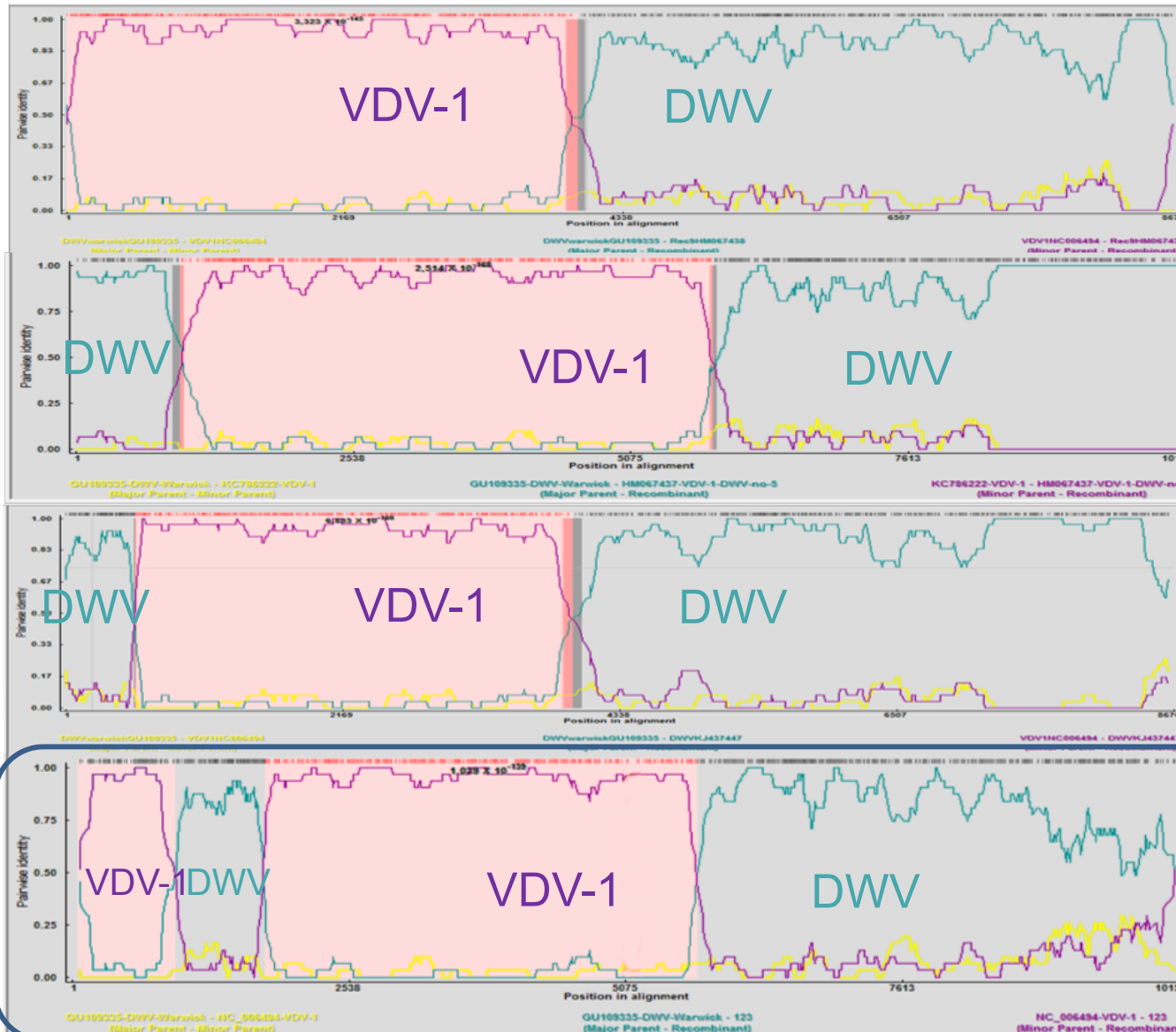
HM067438

HM067437

KJ437447

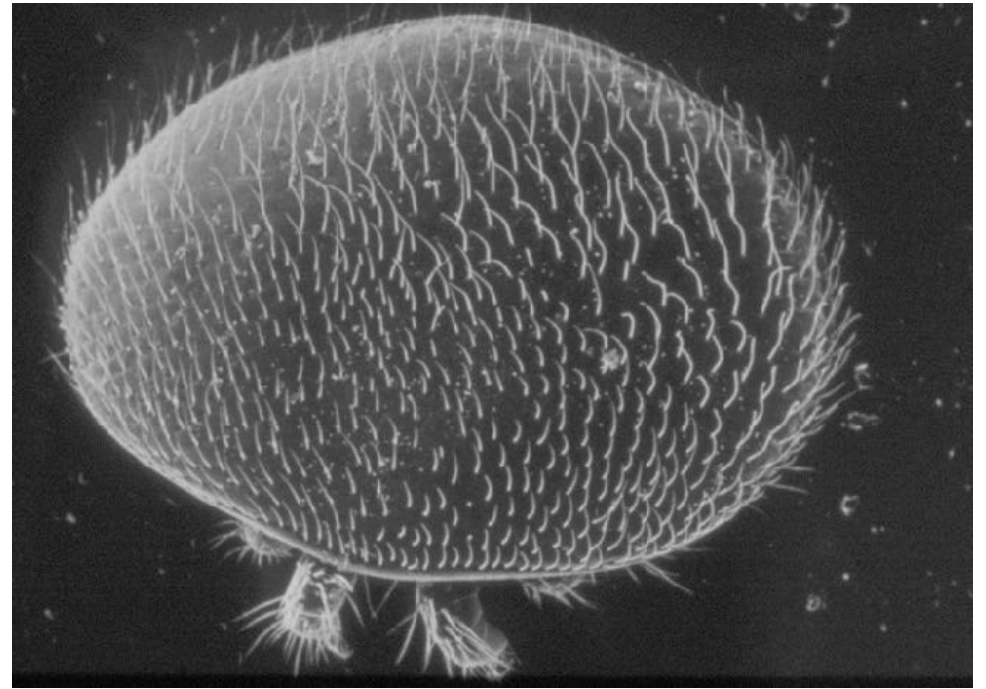
123

Triple recombinant



Hypothesis tested:

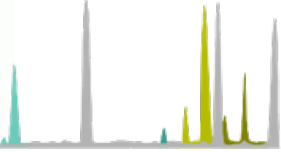
## Virulence of the varroa mites :



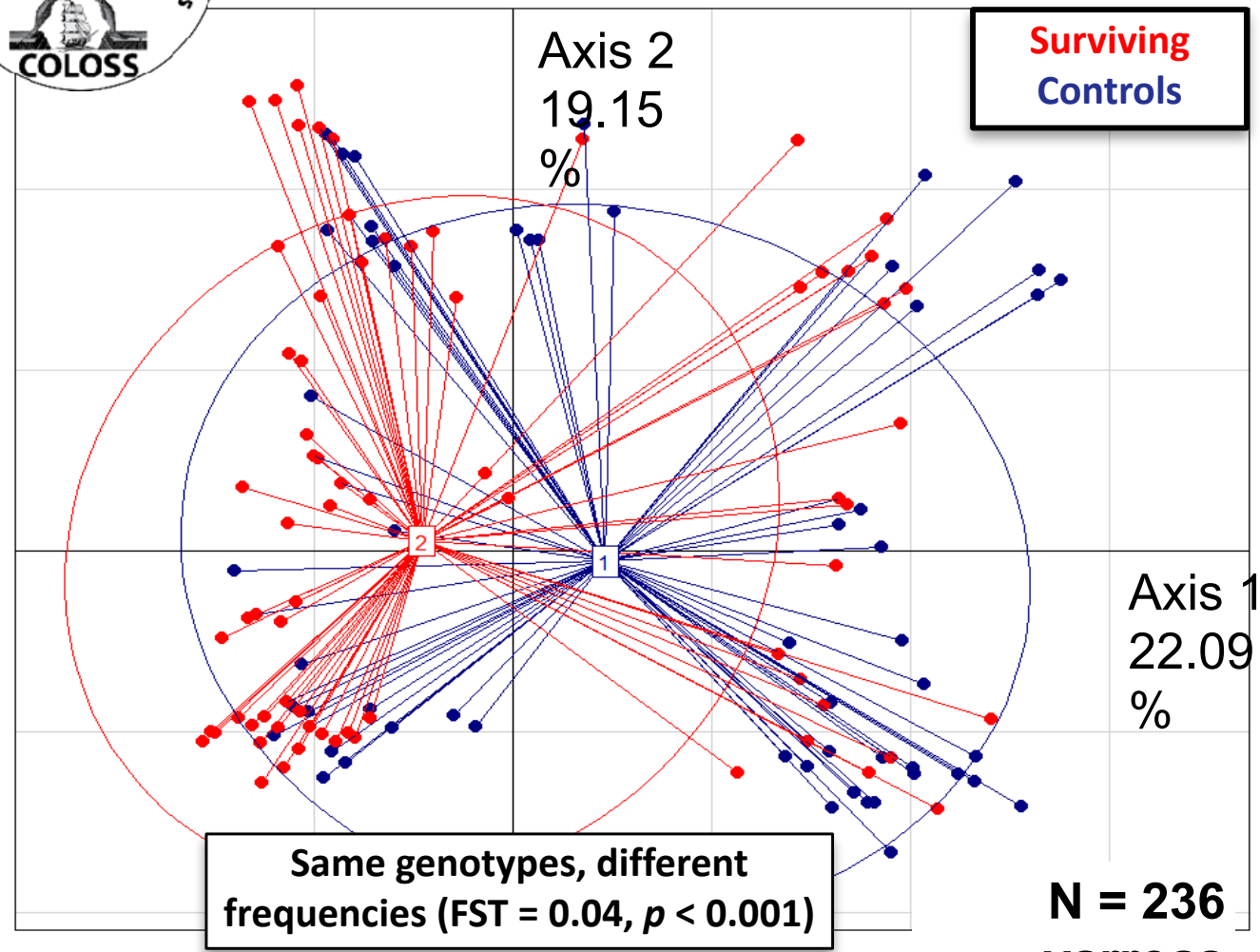
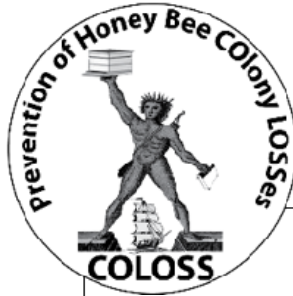
Populationnal markors:

ADNm, complete sequence.

17 microsatellites ADNn



9 microsatellites



# Survival of the honey bee colonies

## Confirmed

## Lessons we can take

In France,

*Le Conte & al 2007. Apidologie 38:1–7.*

*Kefuss et al, (2005, 2009)*

*Ile de Groix*

In Sweden,

*Fries I, Imdorf A, Rosenkranz P. 2006. Apidologie 37:564-70*

In Norway

In Americas : on africanized bees: *Mondragon &al 2005. Apidologie 36:345-58.*

US: *Seeley TD. 2007. Apidologie 38:19-29.*

Puerto Rico: *Gentle Africanized bees (GAFB) Giray Tugrul & al, Evolutionary Application 2012*

Belgrade: *Bila Dubaić, J & al, Insects 2021, 12, 1127*

Africa

More and more cases!!



# Survival of the honey bee colonies

## Lessons we can take

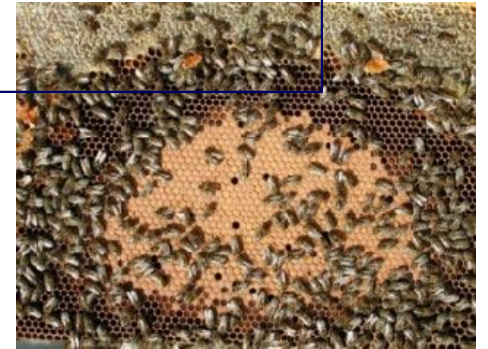


### Different mechanisms:

- Individual and social immunity
  - Olfaction, propolis
  - viruses ?
- Varroa reproduction and / or VSH and uncapping behavior
- Swarming
- Mites
- ....

# Survival of the honey bee colonies

## Lessons we can take



In France,

In Sweden,

*Different mechanisms ??*

In Norway

In Americas

In Puerto Rico

Etc.....

**Main drivers in the different populations?**

Modelling approach ?

- Beekeeping : Need for selection of varroa resistant bees

Selection on chosen characters: VHS, the most promising



Varroa hygienic behavior: **Realistic**

# Selection of varroa resistant bees:

A real hope with VSH bees!!

But phenotyping is time consuming!

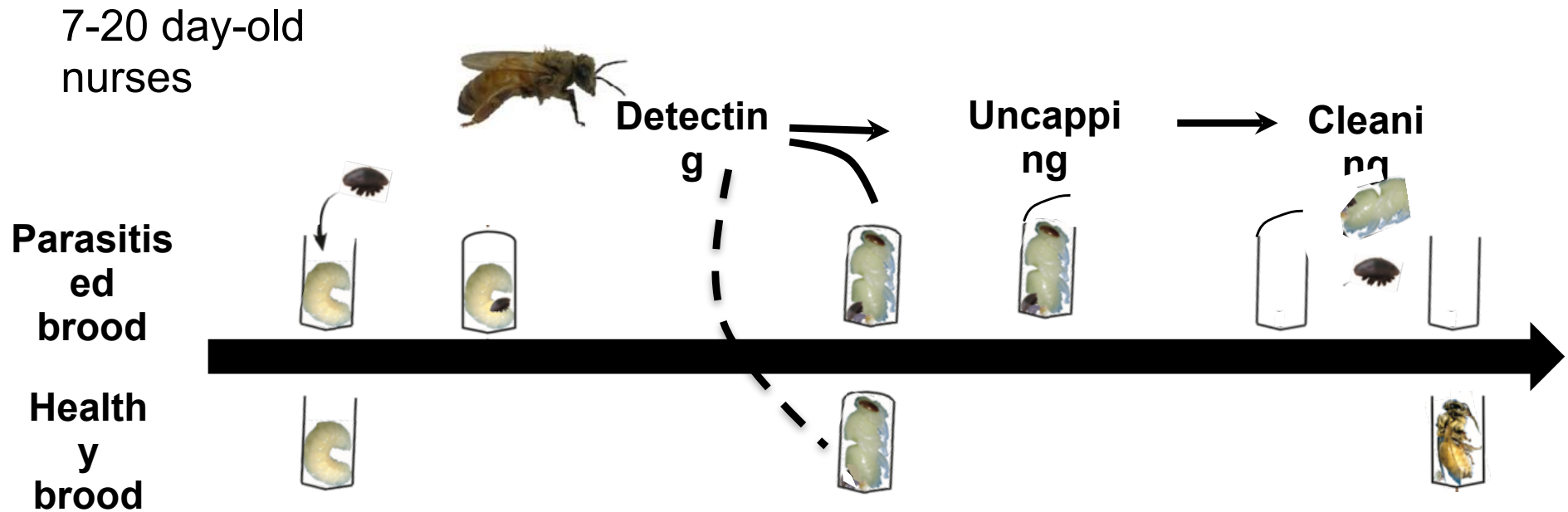
how can we do?



# Selection of varroa resistant bees:

VSH

Recapping

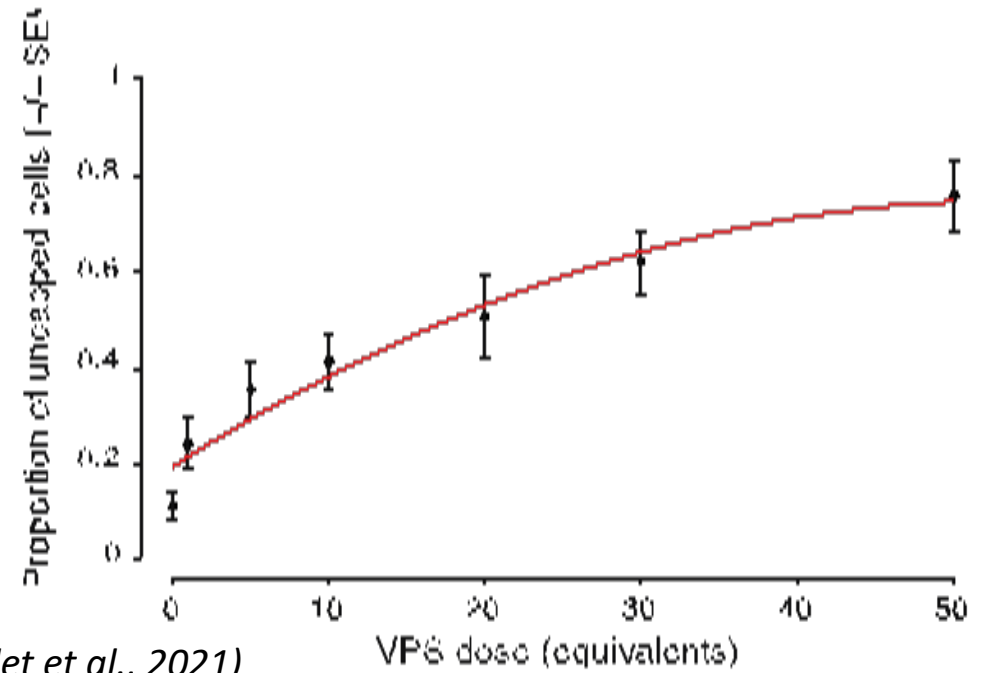
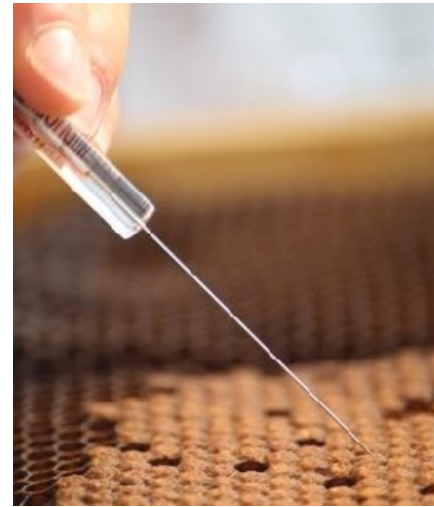
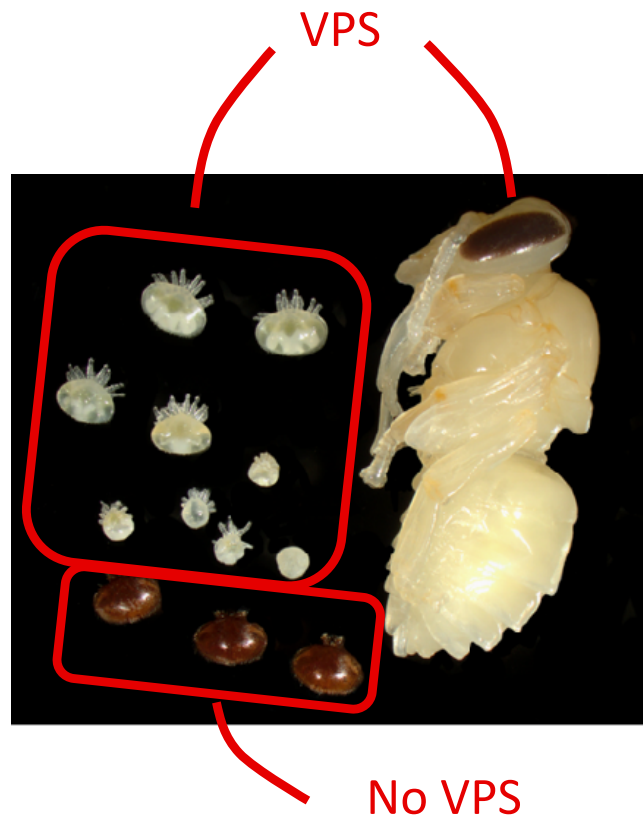


**Using chemicals produced by infested cells**

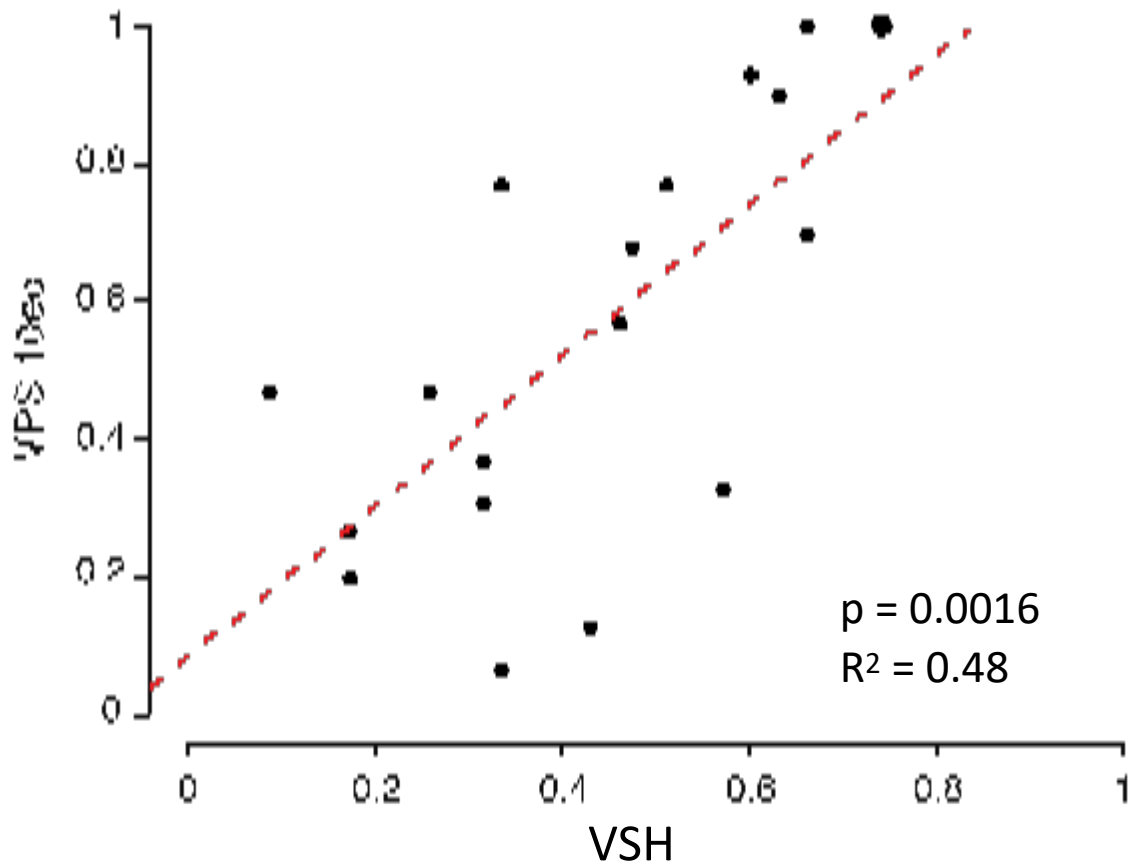
Search for such compounds: applications in beekeeping

# Compounds triggering VSH

- A long chemical ecology journey...



# VPS activity and resistance diagnostic

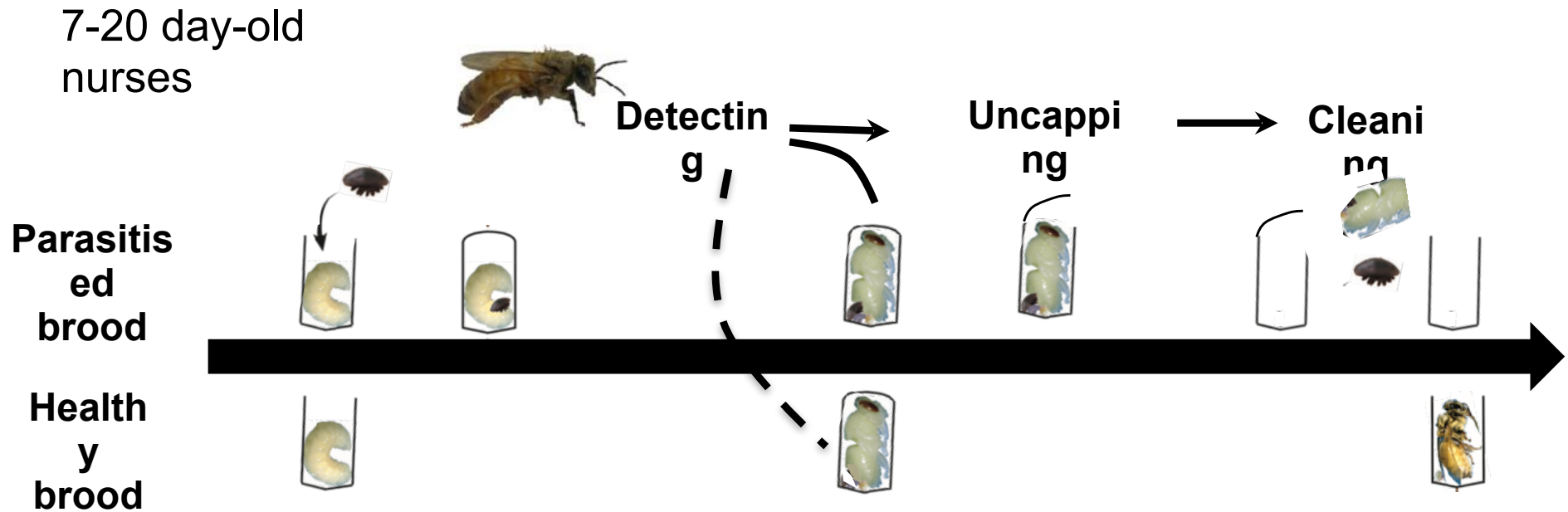


(Mondet et al., 2021)

# Selection of varroa resistant bees:

VSH

Recapping



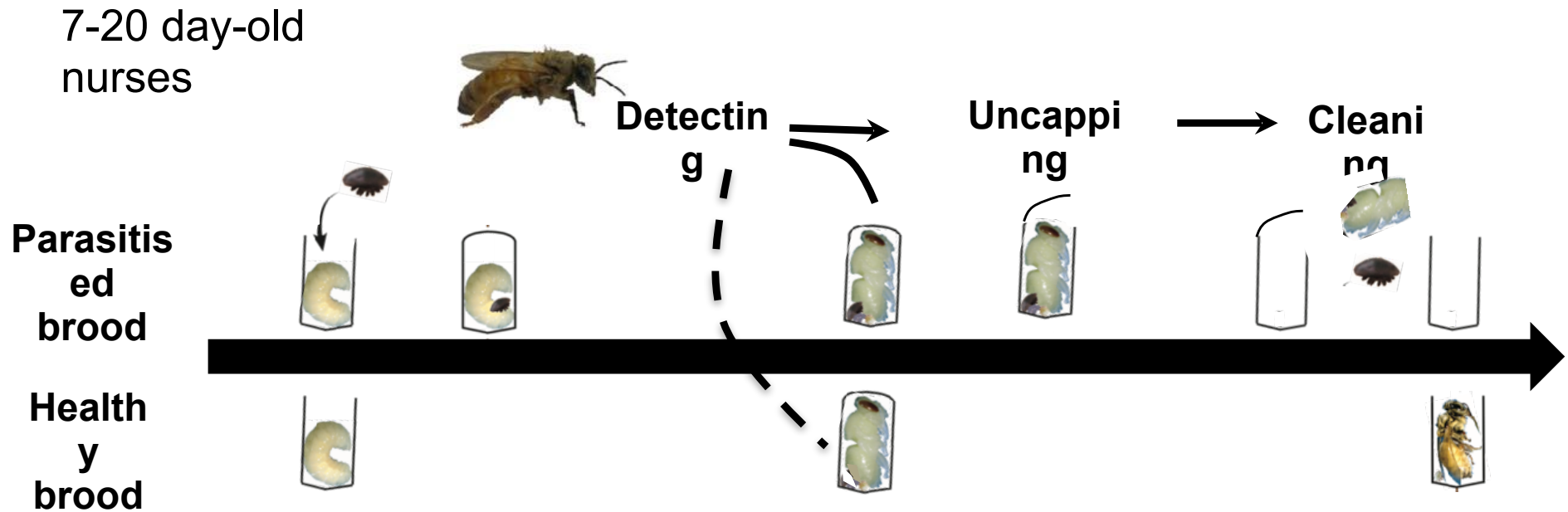
**Molecular markers for selection (SNPs Single Nucleotid Polymorphism)**

Using sequencing of VSH versus non VSH bees to find those SNPs

# Selection of varroa resistant bees:

VSH

Recapping



Using both techniques?

# Congratulations!

They can do it ! A real hope !

*Scientists*

***Apis cerana***

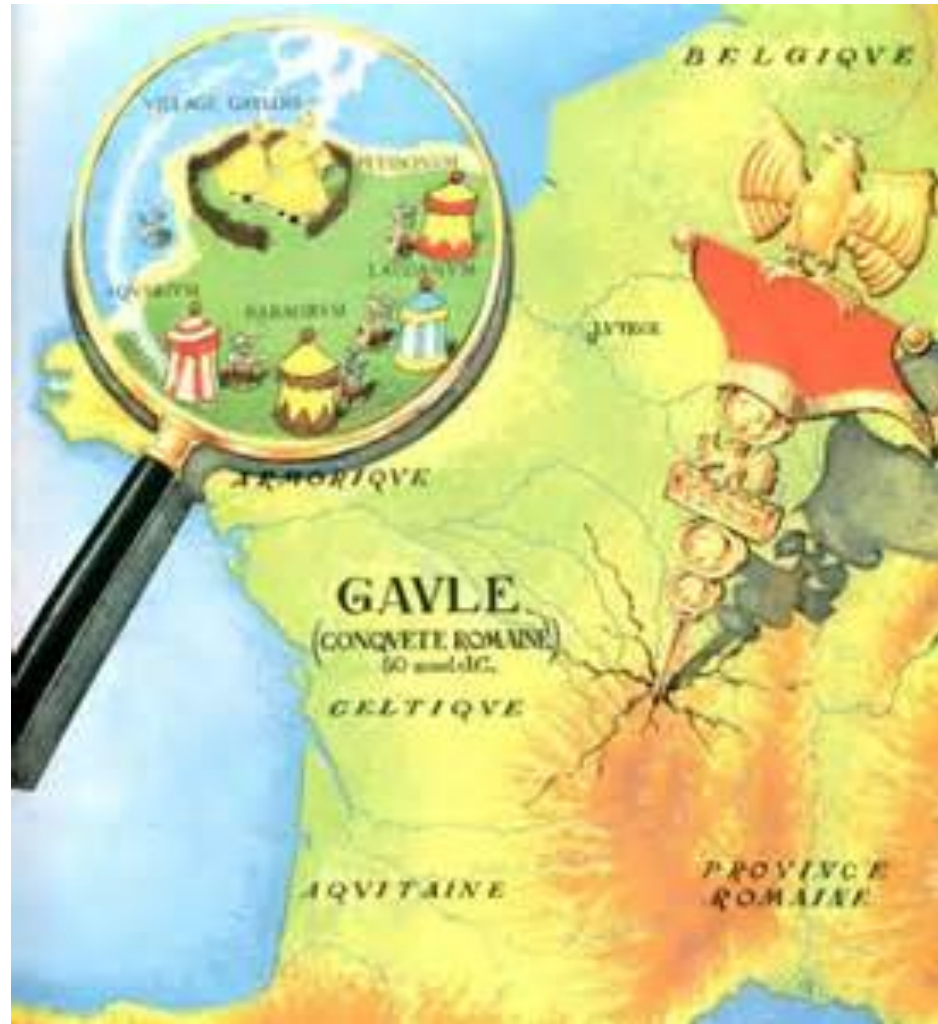


***Apis mellifera***



- Natural Selection of varroa resistant bees

2007



Untreated colonies survive in France ???

Thank you for your attention!



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